

REPORTABLE DISEASES AND CONDITIONS

Title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR) §2500

It shall be the duty of every health care provider, knowing of or in attendance on a case or suspected case of any of the diseases or condition listed below, to report to the local health officer for the jurisdiction where the patient resides. Where no health care provider is in attendance, any individual having knowledge of a person who is suspected to be suffering from one of the diseases or conditions listed below may make such a report to the local health officer for the jurisdiction where the patient resides.

URGENCY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

☎=Report immediately by telephone ☒=Report within 1 working day Report within 7 calendar days from time of identification

REPORTABLE DISEASES

<p>Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)</p> <p>☒ Amebiasis</p> <p>Anaplasmosis/Ehrlichiosis</p> <p>☎ Anthrax</p> <p>☒ Babesiosis</p> <p>☎ Botulism (Infant, Foodborne, Wound)</p> <p>Brucellosis, animal (except infections due to <i>Brucella canis</i>)</p> <p>☎ Brucellosis, human</p> <p>☒ Campylobacteriosis</p> <p>Chancroid</p> <p>☒ Chickenpox (only hospitalizations and deaths)</p> <p><i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infections, including Lymphogranuloma Venereum (LGV)</p> <p>☎ Cholera</p> <p>☎ Ciguatera Fish Poisoning</p> <p>Coccidioidomycosis</p> <p>Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD) and other Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies (TSE)</p> <p>☒ Cryptosporidiosis</p> <p>Cyclosporiasis</p> <p>Cysticercosis or Taeniasis</p> <p>☎ Dengue</p> <p>☎ Diphtheria</p> <p>☎ Domoic Acid Poisoning (Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning)</p> <p>☒ Encephalitis, Specify Etiology: Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, Parasitic</p> <p>☎ <i>Escherichia coli</i>: shiga toxin producing (STEC) including <i>E. coli</i> O157</p> <p>☒ Foodborne Disease</p> <p>Giardiasis</p> <p>Gonococcal Infections</p> <p>☒ <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> invasive disease (report an incident less than 15 years of age)</p> <p>☎ Hantavirus Infections</p> <p>☎ Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome</p> <p>☒ Hepatitis A, acute infection</p> <p>Hepatitis B (specify acute case or chronic)</p> <p>Hepatitis C (specify acute case or chronic)</p> <p>Hepatitis D (Delta) (specify acute case or chronic)</p> <p>Hepatitis E, acute infection</p> <p>Influenza, deaths in lab-confirmed cases age 0-64 years</p> <p>☎ Influenza, novel strains (human)</p> <p>Legionellosis</p> <p>Leprosy (Hansen Disease)</p>	<p>Leptospirosis</p> <p>☒ Listeriosis</p> <p>Lyme Disease</p> <p>☒ Malaria</p> <p>☎ Measles (Rubeola)</p> <p>☒ Meningitis, Specify Etiology: Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, Parasitic</p> <p>☎ Meningococcal Infections</p> <p>Mumps</p> <p>☎ Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning</p> <p>Pelvic Inflammatory Disease (PID)</p> <p>☒ Pertussis (Whooping Cough)</p> <p>☎ Plague, Human or Animal</p> <p>☒ Poliovirus Infection</p> <p>☒ Psittacosis</p> <p>☒ Q Fever</p> <p>☎ Rabies, Human or Animal</p> <p>☒ Relapsing Fever</p> <p>Rickettsial Diseases (non-Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever), including Typhus and Typhus-like illnesses</p> <p>Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever</p> <p>Rubella (German Measles)</p> <p>Rubella Syndrome, Congenital</p> <p>☒ Salmonellosis (Other than Typhoid Fever)</p> <p>☎ Scombroid Fish Poisoning</p> <p>☎ Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)</p> <p>☎ Shiga toxin (detected in feces)</p> <p>☒ Shigellosis</p> <p>☎ Smallpox (Variola)</p> <p>☒ <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> infection (only a case resulting in death or admission to an intensive care unit of a person who has not been hospitalized or had surgery, dialysis, or residency in a long-term care facility in the past year, and did not have an indwelling catheter or percutaneous medical device at the time of culture)</p> <p>☒ Streptococcal Infections (Outbreaks of any Type and Individual Cases in Food Handlers and Dairy Workers Only)</p> <p>☒ Syphilis</p> <p>Tetanus</p> <p>Toxic Shock Syndrome</p> <p>☒ Trichinosis</p>	<p>☒ Tuberculosis†</p> <p>Tularemia, animal</p> <p>☎ Tularemia, human</p> <p>☒ Typhoid Fever, Cases and Carriers</p> <p>☒ <i>Vibrio</i> Infections</p> <p>☎ Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers (e.g., Crimean-Congo, Ebola, Lassa, and Marburg viruses)</p> <p>☒ West Nile Virus (WNV) Infection</p> <p>☎ Yellow Fever</p> <p>☒ Yersiniosis</p> <p>☎ OCCURRENCE of ANY UNUSUAL DISEASE</p> <p>☎ OUTBREAKS of ANY DISEASE (Including diseases not listed in §2500). Specify if institutional and/or open community.</p> <p><u>HIV REPORTING BY HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS §2641.5-2643.20</u></p> <p>Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection is reportable by traceable mail or person-to-person transfer within seven calendar days by completion of the HIV/AIDS Case Report form (CDPH 8641A) available from the local health department. For completing HIV-specific reporting requirements, see Title 17, CCR, §2641.5-2643.20 and http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/aids/Pages/OAHIVReporting.aspx</p> <p><u>REPORTABLE NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND CONDITIONS §2800-2812 and §2593(b)</u></p> <p>Disorders Characterized by Lapses of Consciousness (§2800-2812)</p> <p>Pesticide-related illness or injury (known or suspected cases)**</p> <p>Cancer, including benign and borderline brain tumors (except (1) basal and squamous skin cancer unless occurring on genitalia, and (2) carcinoma in-situ and CIN III of the cervix) (§2593)***</p> <p><u>LOCALLY REPORTABLE DISEASES (If Applicable):</u></p> <p>☒ Positive Skin Tests in Children Less Than 3 years of Age Without History of BCG Vaccination;</p> <p>☒ Norovirus in Food Employees</p>
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To report a case or outbreak of any disease contact the Epidemiology Program:

Tel: (562) 570-4302 Fax: (562) 570-4374

* Failure to report is a misdemeanor (Health and Safety Code §120295) and is a citable offense under the Medical Board of California Citation and Fine Program (Title 16, CCR, §1364.10 and 1364.11).

** Failure to report is a citable offense and subject to civil penalty (§250) (Health and Safety Code §105200).

*** The Confidential Physician Cancer Reporting Form may also be used. See Physician Reporting Requirements for Cancer Reporting in CA at: www.ccrcl.org.
CDPH 110a (revised 10/03/2011)